PRESENT
The Mayor, Cr PA Hooper Chairperson,
Crs GM Allgood, F Deutsch, DF Hull, GD Hull and GI McLean.
Mr Andrew Evans, Chief Executive Officer,
Mr Neil Manning, Director Council Services,
Mr Don Cole, Director, Assets, Finances and Corporate Services, and
Mrs Jenny Woolcock, Manager Executive Services and Governance.

1 TRADITIONAL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Prayers were read out by Mayor Cr Paul Hooper.

WE ACKNOWLEDGE THE TRADITIONAL OWNERS OF THE LAND ON WHICH WE MEET TODAY, AND PAY OUR RESPECTS TO THEIR ELDERS, PAST AND PRESENT.

OPENING PRAYER

ALMIGHTY GOD, WE HUMBLY ASK YOU TO HELP US, AS ELECTED COUNCILLORS OF THE ARARAT RURAL CITY COUNCIL, GUIDE OUR DELIBERATIONS. PROSPER WHAT IS YOUR WILL FOR US, TO YOUR HONOUR AND GLORY AND FOR THE WELFARE AND BENEFIT OF THE PEOPLE WHOM WE SERVE IN THE ARARAT RURAL CITY.

THE LORD'S PRAYER

OUR FATHER WHICH ART IN HEAVEN, HALLOWED BE THY NAME, THY KINGDOM COME, THY WILL BE DONE ON EARTH, AS IT IS IN HEAVEN. GIVE US THIS DAY OUR DAILY BREAD AND FORGIVE US OUR TRESPASSES AS WE FORGIVE THEM THAT TRESPASS AGAINST US, AND LEAD US NOT INTO TEMPTATION, BUT DELIVER US FROM EVIL, FOR THINE IS THE KINGDOM, THE POWER, AND THE GLORY, FOREVER AND EVER. AMEN.

2 APOLOGIES

MOVED CR F HULL
SECONDED CR DEUTSCH

That the apologies of Cr Colin McKenzie and Mrs Colleen White, Director Corporate Strategy, Risk and Governance be accepted.

CARRIED 3137/16
Disclosure of Interests are to be made immediately prior to any relevant item being discussed.

**Local Government Act 1989 Section 79 (2)**

A Councillor or member of a special committee who has a conflict of interest and is attending the meeting of the Council or special committee must make a full disclosure of that interest -

(a) by either -
   (i) advising the Council or special committee at the meeting of the details required under paragraph (b) and (c) immediately before the matter is considered at the meeting; or
   (ii) advising the Chief Executive Officer in writing of the details required under paragraphs (b) and (c) before the meeting; and

(b) classifying the type of interest that has given rise to the conflict as either -
   (i) a direct interest: or
   (ii) an indirect interest and specifying the particular kind of indirect interest under section 78, 78A, 78B, 78C, 78D or 78E; and

(c) describing the nature of the interest; and

(d) if the Councillor or member advised the Chief Executive Officer of the details under paragraph (a) (ii), the Councillor or member must make a disclosure of the class of interest only to the meeting immediately before the matter is considered at the meeting.

**Local Government Act 1989 Section 80C**

A person who is providing advice or a report to a meeting of the Council or a special committee, and who has a conflict of interest in a matter to which the advice or report relates, must disclose the constituting the conflict of interest when providing the advice or report and before the advice or report is considered by the Council or the committee.
ITEM 4.1 REVIEW OF COUNCILLOR CODE OF CONDUCT POLICY (C.1.6)  
16072497  
CORPORATE STRATEGY, RISK AND GOVERNANCE

Introduction
Due to recent legislative changes in the Local Government Amendment (Improved Governance) Act it is a requirement of Council to review its Councillor Code of Conduct within 4 months after the commencement of the Local Government Amendment (Improved Governance) Act 2015.

Council is also required to hold a Special Council Meeting solely for the purpose of reviewing the Councillor Code of Conduct and adopting the amended policy.

A further review will be required within the four months following the General Election being held on 22 October 2016.

Discussion
Council officers attended a Workshop conducted by Macquarie Lawyers regarding the review of the Councillor Code of Conduct and the implications of the legislative changes.

In developing the new Councillor Code of Conduct policy it was determined that a Support Guide should also be developed as a guide to Councillors that articulates the legislative responsibilities and obligations of the respective elected members and officer roles.

This Support Guide is an internal reference document, which can be administratively updated without the requirement for formal Council adoption. This allows for flexibility when legislative changes are made.

POTENTIAL IMPLICATIONS ARISING FROM THIS ISSUE

Council plan reference
5.1 Good governance through leadership

Officer’s Declaration of Interest
Under Section 80C of the Local Government Act 1989 officers providing advice to Council must disclose any interests, including the type of interest.

No person involved in the preparation of this report has a direct or indirect interest requiring disclosure.

Financial and resource implications
None identified.

Risk implications
The review of the Councillor Code of Conduct policy must be completed by 4 July 2016, not doing so would breach the Local Government Act 1989.

Statutory Implications
4 – OFFICERS REPORTS

Council is required to review and amend its Councillor Code of Conduct policy within 4 months after the commencement of Section 15 of the Local Government Amendment (Improved Governance) Act 2015.

Council will also be required to review the Councillor Code of Conduct policy within 4 months of the General Election.

Community Implications
Transparency, that Ararat Rural City Council have reviewed the Councillor Code of Conduct policy taking all legislative compliance and sector best practice into account.

Environmental Implications
None identified.

Internal/external consultation
Councillors have discussed the amended Councillor Code of Conduct policy and Support Guide at the Assembly of Councillors held on Tuesday 17 May 2016.

Council’s legal advisors and the Municipal Association of Victoria were consulted/provided input as a part of the Policy development process.

Options
Council could:
1. Review and adopt the Ararat Rural City Council Councillor Code of Conduct policy (C.1.6) as presented.
2. Not adopt the Ararat Rural City Council Councillor Code of Conduct policy (C.1.6) as presented.

Attachments
The draft Ararat Rural City Council Councillor Code of Conduct (C.1.6) policy is provided as an attachment.

Conclusion
To comply with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1989, Council is required to review and amend its Councillor Code of Conduct policy within 4 months after the commencement of Section 15 of the Local Government Amendment (Improved Governance) Act 2015.
MOVED CR F HULL
SECONDED CR DEUTSCH

That Council:
1. Adopt the reviewed Ararat Rural City Council Councillor Code of Conduct (C.1.6) policy;
2. Place a copy of the Ararat Rural City Council Councillor Code of Conduct (C.1.6) policy on Council's website and a place a copy for public inspection at the Municipal Offices; and
3. Ensures that each Councillor be provided with a copy of the Ararat Rural City Council Councillor Code of Conduct (C.1.6) policy; and
4. Ensures that each Councillor signs an individual declaration to abide by the Ararat Rural City Council Councillor Code of Conduct (C.1.6) policy and that this declaration be witnessed by the Chief Executive Officer.

CARRIED 3138/16
Preamble
As Councillors of Ararat Rural City Council we are committed to working together constructively as a team to achieve our shared vision for the Council. We recognise that good governance and conduct exists where a strong, democratically elected and proactive Council is dedicated to the interests and progress of its community.

We respect and embrace the Council’s diversity making Ararat Rural City, a Council of many assets both natural and built. As Councillors we represent the local community in a fair and equitable way.

This Councillor Code of Conduct (Code) goes beyond what is required by the Local Government Act 1989 (Act) as our commitment to governing this Council effectively with the highest standards of democratic and corporate governance. The Code applies to all Councillors and relates to the performing of Council powers, duties and functions and all the various forms of decision making processes.

The Code is supported by the principles of the 2013-2017 Council Plan (Council Plan) as reviewed which includes Strategies and Key Strategic Objectives. Whilst the Council Plan outlines our vision and overall strategy, the Initiatives and Service Performance Indicators are reviewed and updated annually and integrated into our overall operations to ensure the projects and objectives are consistent with the community’s needs and Council’s broader vision and goals.

Our main focus areas in the Council Plan are Council’s four pillars of “Our Community”, “Our Lifestyle”, “Our Economy”, “Our Environment” and the foundation of “Our Organisation”.

Local governments recognise the need for mutual respect, a co-operative attitude and courtesy in their dealings with each other. Regional co-operation can be crucial to effective governance in the interests of communities. Decisions made by co-operating local governments in properly constituted democratic forums must be accorded their legitimacy and authority.
Table of Contents

Preamble ........................................................................................................................................ 1
1. Introduction ............................................................................................................................. 3
2. Conduct of Councillors .......................................................................................................... 3
   2.1 Primary Principle of Councillor Conduct ........................................................................ 3
   2.2 General Councillor Conduct Principles ......................................................................... 3
3. Councillors’ Behaviours ........................................................................................................ 3
4. Councillors Meeting Etiquette .............................................................................................. 5
5. Communication .................................................................................................................... 5
7. Relationships with Staff ........................................................................................................ 6
8. Dispute Resolution Procedures and Complaints ................................................................. 7
   8.1 Disputes between Councillors ....................................................................................... 7
   8.2 Self Resolution (Optional) ............................................................................................ 7
   8.3 Formal Request for Remedy of Contravention .............................................................. 7
   8.4 External arbitration ........................................................................................................ 8
9. Councillors’ Commitment ...................................................................................................... 8
1. **Introduction**

The values that underpin this Code incorporate respect and consideration of fellow Councillors, staff and the community. We will communicate openly and honestly with an appreciation of the professional views, abilities and the unique contributions each of us make towards the effective governance of the Council.

2. **Conduct of Councillors**

2.1 **Primary Principle of Councillor Conduct**

It is a primary principle of Councillor Conduct that, in performing the role of a Councillor, a Councillor must comply with section 76B of the Act, which states that a Councillor must:

- act with integrity
- impartially exercise his or her responsibilities in the interests of the local community
- not improperly seek to confer an advantage or disadvantage on any person

2.2 **General Councillor Conduct Principles**

In addition to acting in accordance with the primary principle of Councillor Conduct specified, in performing the role of a Councillor, a Councillor must comply with section 76BA of the Act, which states that a Councillor must:

- avoid conflicts between his or her public duties as a Councillor and his or her personal interests and obligations
- act honestly and avoid statements (whether oral or in writing) or actions that will or are likely to mislead or deceive a person
- treat all persons with respect and have due regard to the opinions, beliefs, rights and responsibilities of other Councillors, Council officers and other persons
- exercise reasonable care and diligence and submit himself or herself to the lawful scrutiny that is appropriate to his or her office
- endeavour to ensure that public resources are used prudently and solely in the public interest
- act lawfully and in accordance with the trust placed in him or her as an elected representative
- support and promote these principles by leadership and example and act in a way that secures and preserves public confidence in the office of Councillor

3. **Councillors' Behaviours**

We confirm that we will adhere to the following principles of behaviour in our general conduct as Councillors - treating all people with courtesy and respect, recognising that there are legitimate differences in opinions, race, culture, religion, language, gender and abilities. This includes:

- treating members of the community with dignity and ensuring that neither offence nor embarrassment are caused
- treating fellow Councillors with respect, even when disagreeing with their views or decisions
- debating contentious issues without resorting to personal acrimony or insult
- ensuring their punctual attendance at Council and committee meetings; and
- acting with courtesy towards Council staff

In defining courtesy and respect, Council believes in the following principles:

---

**Respect – Excellence – Passion**

---

Page 1506
• being honest,
• active listening to each other and making sure we understand the basis of another person’s views,
• being careful about the tone we use to ensure that we are not conveying disrespect through our tone,
• setting examples to each other and the community by our behaviour,
• using self-reflection to monitor ourselves,
• seeking feedback from each other,
• being punctual and making the meeting or presentation we are at the priority when it comes to going outside to take or make telephone calls, including ensuring that electronic devices are placed on silent at all meetings.

We will always act with integrity and honesty by:

• being honest in all dealings with the community, with other Councillors and with Council staff,
• always acting with impartiality and in the best interests of the community as a whole,
• not acting in ways that may damage the Council or its ability to exercise good government,
• exercising reasonable care and diligence in performing our functions as Councillors,
• complying with all federal, state and local relevant laws.

Recognising that we hold a position of trust which we will not misuse or derive undue benefit from our positions:

• we will comply with the relevant provisions of the Act and this Code relating to interests and conflicts of interest,
• we will not exercise undue influence on other Councillors, members of Council staff, contractors or members of the public to gain or attempt to gain an advantage for ourselves or others.

Recognising the increased use and reliance on electronic devices, we believe in the following principles:

• when using electronic media we will mark items as confidential when dealing with Council business items where the matter is of a nature that is sensitive and/or business related that requires discussion between Councillors,
• items that are dealt with at an Assembly of Councillors are not to be discussed with anyone outside of this meeting to ensure good governance is upheld and the ability to debate in an open and frank manner is preserved,
• we will be mindful of the target audience when replying and/or sending emails,
• the tone used in electronic media will be respectful,
• we will adhere to Council’s policies dealing with electronic media,
• to recognise and support each other’s wellbeing, Councillors are not expected to reply to emails on a weekend and/or nights unless urgent,
• our electronic communication will be concise, timely and transparent.
4. Councillors Meeting Etiquette

Councillors should familiarise themselves with Council’s Meeting Procedure Local Law (2012) (Local Law).

As an elected Council we believe that we should exhibit the highest standards possible when attending, chairing, and participating in meetings as a Council. As such the following principles are essential to reinforce this commitment, in particular the following:

- the Chairperson will control the meeting/Assembly of Councillors and/or presentations at all times
- all Councillors will need to be punctual at these meetings to ensure they start at the advertised or scheduled time
- Councillors will ensure they have prepared for any meeting/Assembly of Councillors and/or presentations by reading the relevant material at all times
- to ensure the welfare of all Councillors, adequate breaks will be placed in an agenda for meetings that go beyond 1½ hours
- so all Councillors have an opportunity to raise issues and debate an issue, the Chairperson will ensure that, at any time, only one person addresses the meeting (this includes not allowing interjecting by the gallery)
- if the Chairperson believes the debate/conversation/a comment has run its course they may ask the Councillor to conclude
- Councillors will ensure that they comply with the Act and the Local Law for required meeting attendance and will endeavour, unless there are unavoidable circumstances, to attend all required meetings including but not limited to ordinary and special Council meetings, Assemblies of Councillors, briefings by staff and guests
- Councillors wishing to speak at a meeting will do so by indicating with their hand
- Councillors will ensure that where they are attending and/or participating at official functions/meetings that they will wear appropriate business attire

5. Communication

As an elected Council, we endeavour to ensure that the messages communicated through the media are clear and consistent and positively portray the Council as a decisive and responsible governing body.

The Mayor will provide official comment to the media on behalf of Council.

The CEO is the official spokesperson for all operational matters pertaining to Council as an organisation including:

- staffing and structure of the organisation
- corporate issues relating to service provision or the day-to-day business of the Council

The CEO may delegate authority to a Council officer if appropriate.

As individual Councillors, we are entitled to express our own independent views through the media, however we will make it clear that any unofficial comment is our own personal view and does not represent the position of the Council as whole.
Following a decision of Council, a Councillor may make comment but not to the detriment of the Council decision and/or a personal attack on the process and/or another Councillor.


We are committed to making all decisions impartially and in the best interests of the whole community and acknowledge that effective decision making is vital to the democratic process and an essential component of good governance. Accordingly:

- we will actively and openly participate in the decision making process, striving to be informed to achieve the best outcome for the community;
- we will respect the views of the individual in the debate, however we also accept that decisions are based on a majority vote;
- we accept that no Councillor can direct another Councillor on how to vote on any decision.

7. Relationships with Staff

As detailed in section 94A of the Act, the CEO is responsible for the staff of Council which includes appointing, directing and dismissing staff. Councillors have no right to individually direct staff to carry out particular functions. Councillors will not involve themselves in any personnel matter relating to staff, except the CEO. The information provided to one Councillor should be equally available to other Councillors and no treatment that is unequal should be sought from any staff member.

As effective Councillors we will work cooperatively with the CEO and other members of staff. We recognise the division of responsibilities and that the role of Councillors is one of advocacy and leadership and that the CEO is responsible for management and administration. Therefore as Councillors, we will be aware of the requirements of section 76E of the Act and must not seek to improperly direct or influence members of Council staff in the exercise of their duties. It is appropriate to notify either the relevant Director when specific issues or particular functions are required to be undertaken.

In performing our duties as Councillors we will respect the roles and responsibilities of Council staff, and welcome the same respect in return.

In line with occupational health and safety, human rights and equal opportunity legislation, we are committed to ensuring that our interactions with staff, each other or others associated with Council, do not breach the requirements of this legislation. As such we are also committed to protecting the health, safety and well-being of all Councillors and staff and will provide, as far as is practicable, a safe Council working environment that is free from bullying, harassment, discrimination and violent behaviour.

We recognise that as a small rural Council, there is likely to be informal contact between Councillors and staff at various times and in various places. We encourage friendly and respectful interaction while acknowledging that formal advice to Council and Councillors comes via the CEO and Directors and that this is the advice on which Councillors are entitled to rely.

Respect – Excellence – Passion
We will comply with the Councillor/Council staff code of conduct policy required to be implemented by the CEO under section 94A (3A) of the Act.

8. Dispute Resolution Procedures and Complaints

8.1 Disputes between Councillors

Councillors should be mindful that having and expressing differing and sometimes opposing viewpoints is a normal function of the process of democratic local government. Sharing and expressing these different views leads to informed and well considered debate. All Councillors have the right to influence the decisions made by Council through this debate.

Therefore, having differing views, politics or attitudes from other Councillors is not considered a conflict or a dispute and does not require resolution.

Conflict and/or disputes emerge when the differences between Councillors become personal or the behaviour of Councillors towards each other and/or staff is of a nature that threatens the effective operation of Council’s decision-making processes. Disputes may also involve allegations of contraventions of this Code.

A dispute may arise between two individual Councillors, between one Councillor and a group of Councillors or between two or more different groups of Councillors. In this dispute resolution process the Councillor or group of Councillors that are seeking a resolution are referred to as ‘the Applicant’ and the Councillor or Councillors against whom the application is lodged are entitled ‘the Respondent’. The following dispute resolution procedure will apply regardless of the dynamics and numbers involved.

Council’s dispute resolution process comprises four components. They are:

- self-resolution (optional)
- formal request for remedy of the dispute or contravention
- external arbitration
- request for a Councillor Conduct Panel to be established to determine alleged misconduct or serious misconduct

Councillors will seek to resolve disputes or deal with alleged contraventions of the Code in-house if at all possible.

8.2 Self Resolution (Optional)

Where a dispute and a contravention of the Code arises, the preferred outcome would be for the Applicant and Respondent to have informal discussions in the first instance with a view to resolving any issues without further recourse to this dispute resolution procedure. This may be undertaken informally or alternatively either party may request a discussion with the Mayor acting as a mediator, should the Mayor not be either the Applicant or Respondent. Where either party believes that this step will not achieve a resolution, this step in the dispute resolution process may be by-passed.

8.3 Formal Request for Remedy of Contravention

The Applicant will provide written details of the alleged contravention of the Code and the remedy sought, to the Mayor for formal consideration. Where this occurs the Mayor will
interview the Respondent and if they feel necessary, mediate a meeting between both parties.
If an investigation of an alleged contravention of the Code is required, the Mayor may request assistance from the CEO.

Following interviews and/or mediation and investigations, if the Mayor believes that a contravention of the Code has occurred, he or she will formally write to the Respondent requesting actions from the Respondent that remedy the contravention and provide a timeframe in which the remedy should be implemented.

In the event that the Mayor is either the Applicant or Respondent, a Councillor appointed by the Council shall perform the role of the Mayor for this purpose.

8.4 External arbitration
In the event that the contravention of the Code is not remedied within the timeframe established, or where the Respondent does not accept that a contravention of the Code has occurred, either the Applicant or Respondent may request the engagement of an arbiter by lodging an application in writing with the Principal Conduct Officer (PCO).

Council will utilise the MAV panel of arbitrators for this purpose. The Applicant and Respondent may both indicate their preferred arbiter however the ultimate decision on the arbiter will rest with the PCO based on the availability of the arbitrators and any other circumstances deemed relevant by the PCO.

The arbiter must be suitably independent and able to carry out the role of the arbiter fairly.

The role of the arbiter is to:

- consider the complaint
- ensure that the parties to the complaint are given an opportunity to be heard by the arbiter
- explore if the complaint can be resolved between the parties without making any findings
- make any findings in relation to the complaint which the arbiter must give, together with written reasons for any findings, to Council and to each party to the complaint

If an arbiter is appointed, all parties to the complaint shall provide reasonable assistance to the arbiter, as requested.

9. Councillors' Commitment

In adopting this Code, we as Councillors commit to representing the local community in a fair and equitable way.

We confirm that this Code goes beyond what is required by the Act to demonstrate our commitment to governing this Council effectively with the highest standards of democratic and corporate governance.

The Code, like the Act, applies to all Councillors and relates to the performing of Council powers, duties and functions and all the various forms of decision making processes.
ARARAT RURAL CITY COUNCIL

DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 76C(6A) OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1989

I, Paul Anthony Hooper do declare that:

a) I have read the Ararat Rural City Council's Councillor Code of Conduct which was adopted by the Council on 23 May 2016; and

b) I will abide by the Code of Conduct.

Definition

In this Declaration, Councillor Code of Conduct means the Code of Conduct developed by Council pursuant to section 76C of the Local Government Act 1989.

DECLARED at ARARAT in the State of Victoria on 2016

Signature

PAUL ANTHONY HOOPER
COUNCILLOR

before me:

Signature

ANDREW EVANS
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date 23rd MAY 2016
ARARAT RURAL CITY COUNCIL MEETING – TUESDAY 23 MAY 2016

4 – OFFICERS REPORTS

ARARAT RURAL CITY COUNCIL

DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 76C(6A) OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1989

I, Gwenda Mary Allgood do declare that:

a) I have read the Ararat Rural City Council’s Councillor Code of Conduct which was adopted by the Council on 23 May 2016; and

b) I will abide by the Code of Conduct.

Definition

In this Declaration, Councillor Code of Conduct means the Code of Conduct developed by Council pursuant to section 76C of the Local Government Act 1989.

DECLARED at ARARAT in the State of Victoria on 2016

Signature

GWENDA MARY ALLGOOD
COUNCILLOR

before me:

Signature

ANDREW EVANS
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date 23 May 2016

Respect – Excellence – Passion
ARARAT RURAL CITY COUNCIL

DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 76C(6A)
OF THE
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1989

I, Franz Deutsch do declare that:

a) I have read the Ararat Rural City Council’s Councillor Code of Conduct which was adopted by the Council on 23 May 2016; and

b) I will abide by the Code of Conduct.

Definition

In this Declaration, Councillor Code of Conduct means the Code of Conduct developed by Council pursuant to section 76C of the Local Government Act 1989.

DECLARED at ARARAT in the State of Victoria on 2016

Signature

FRANZ DEUTSCH
COUNCILLOR

before me:

Signature

ANDREW EVANS
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date 23rd May 2016
ARARAT RURAL CITY COUNCIL

ARARAT RURAL CITY COUNCIL

DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 76C(6A) OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1989

I, Daphne Fay Hull do declare that:

a) I have read the Ararat Rural City Council’s Councillor Code of Conduct which was adopted by the Council on 23 May 2016; and

b) I will abide by the Code of Conduct.

Definition

In this Declaration, Councillor Code of Conduct means the Code of Conduct developed by Council pursuant to section 76C of the Local Government Act 1989.

DECLARED at ARARAT in the State of Victoria on 2016

Signature

DAPHNE FAY HULL
COUNCILLOR

before me:

Signature

ANDREW EVANS
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date 23rd May 2016
ARARAT RURAL CITY COUNCIL

DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 76C(6A)
OF THE
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1989

I, Gary David Hull do declare that:

a) I have read the Ararat Rural City Council’s Councillor Code of Conduct which was adopted by the Council on 23 May 2016; and

b) I will abide by the Code of Conduct.

Definition

In this Declaration, Councillor Code of Conduct means the Code of Conduct developed by Council pursuant to section 76C of the Local Government Act 1989.

DECLARED at ARARAT in the State of Victoria on 2016

Signature

GARY DAVID HULL
COUNCILLOR

before me:

Signature

ANDREW EVANS
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date 23rd May 2016.

Respect – Excellence – Passion
ARARAT RURAL CITY COUNCIL

DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 76C(6A)
OF THE
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1989

I, Colin Robert McKenzie do declare that:

a) I have read the Ararat Rural City Council’s Councillor Code of Conduct which was adopted by the Council on 23 May 2016; and

b) I will abide by the Code of Conduct.

Definition

In this Declaration, Councillor Code of Conduct means the Code of Conduct developed by Council pursuant to section 76C of the Local Government Act 1989.

DECLARED at ARARAT in the State of Victoria on 2016

[Signature]

COLIN ROBERT MCKENZIE
COUNCILLOR

before me:

[Signature]

ANDREW EVANS
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date 25th May 2016
ARARAT RURAL CITY COUNCIL DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 76C(6A) OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1989

I, Glenda Isobel McLean do declare that:

a) I have read the Ararat Rural City Council’s Councillor Code of Conduct which was adopted by the Council on 23 May 2016, and

b) I will abide by the Code of Conduct.

Definition

In this Declaration, Councillor Code of Conduct means the Code of Conduct developed by Council pursuant to section 76C of the Local Government Act 1989.

DECLARED at ARARAT in the State of Victoria on 2016

Signature

GLENDA ISOBEL McLEAN
COUNCILLOR

before me:

Signature

ANDREW EVANS
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date 23rd May 2016
Meeting closed at 7.10pm.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT PAGES 1499 TO 1519 ARE A TRUE AND CORRECT RECORD.

MAYOR – CR PAUL HOOPER